# Übungen zur Vorlesung Einführung in das Programmieren für TM 

## Serie 5

Aufgabe 5.1. Write a nonrecursive function binomial which computes the binomial coefficient $\binom{n}{k}$. Use an appropriate loop and the identity $\binom{n}{k}=\frac{n \cdot(n-1) \cdots(n-k+1)}{1 \cdot 2 \cdots k}=\frac{n}{1} \cdot \frac{n-1}{2} \cdots \frac{n-k+1}{k}$. Additionally, write a main program that reads in the values $k, n \in \mathbb{N}_{0}$ with $k \leq n$ and prints out $\binom{n}{k}$. Save your source code as binomial.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.2. Write a function double powN(double x , int n ) which computes $x^{n}$ for all exponents $n \in \mathbb{Z}$ and $x \in \mathbb{R}$. It holds $x^{0}=1$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}$. For $n<0$ use $x^{n}=(1 / x)^{-n}$. Moreover, $0^{n}=0$ for $n>0$. The term $0^{n}$ for $n<0$ is not defined. In that case, the function should return the value $0.0 / 0.0$. You must not use the function pow from the math library. Save your source code as pown.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.3. The Fibonacci sequence is defined by $x_{0}:=0, x_{1}:=1$ and $x_{n+1}:=x_{n}+x_{n-1}$. Write a nonrecursive function fibonacci(k), which, given an index $k$, computes and returns $x_{k}$. Then, write a main program which reads $k$ from the keyboard and displays $x_{k}$. Save your source code as fibonacci.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.4. Compute the sum $\sum_{j=1}^{n}(-1)^{j} / j$. From a numerical point of view, it is attractive to first sum the negative and positive contributions separately and then return the sum of these partial sums. Why could this be advantageous? Write a function sum which realizes this. Furthermore, write a main programm which reads in $n \in \mathbb{N}$ and prints out $\sum_{j=1}^{n}(-1)^{j} / j$. Save your source code as sum.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.5. Write a function geometricMean that computes and returns the geometric mean value

$$
\bar{x}_{\mathrm{geom}}=\sqrt[n]{\prod_{j=1}^{n} x_{j}}
$$

of a given vector $x \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}^{n}$ Furthermore, write a main program that reads in $x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$ and computes the geometric mean value thereof. The length $n \in \mathbb{N}$ of the vector should be a constant in the main program, but the function geometricMean should be implemented for arbitrary lengths. Save your source code as geometricMean.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.6. Write a function minmaxmean which computes and returns the minimum, maximum, and the mean value $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{j=1}^{n}$ of a given vector $x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$. Additionally, write a main program that reads in a vector $x \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$ and prints out the minimum, maximum, and mean value of it. The length $n$ of the vector should be constant in the main program, but the function minmaxmean should be programmed for arbitrary lengths $n$. Save your source code as minmaxmean.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.7. Write a function scalarproduct, which, given two vectors $x, y \in \mathbb{R}^{n}$, computes the scalar product $x \cdot y:=\sum_{j=1}^{n} x_{j} y_{j}$. Then, write a main program which reads the vectors $x$ and $y$ from the keyboard and displays $x \cdot y$. The length $n$ of the vector should be constant in the main program, but the function scalarproduct should be programmed for arbitrary lengths $n$. Save your source code as scalarproduct.c into the directory serie05.

Aufgabe 5.8. The following code should compute the maximum entry of the given matrix, but the output is 5.0000 . Where is the error?

```
#include <stdio.h>
main() {
    double A[2][3] = { {1,2,3},{6,-4,5} };
    double max = A[0] [0];
    int j=0, k=0;
    for(j=0; j<2; j=j+1) {
        for(k=1; k<3; k=k+1) {
            if(A[j][k] > max) {
            max = A[j][k];
        }
        }
    }
    printf("Maximum = %f\n",max);
}
```

Correct the program and extend it, such that also the minimum of all matrix entries is computed.

