## Übungen zur Vorlesung Einführung in das Programmieren für TM

## Serie 10

**Aufgabe 10.1.** What is the output of the following C++ program? Explain why! What are the differences between the different variable types used?

```
#include <iostream>
using std::cout;
using std::endl;
const int proc(int & input){input = input*2; return input;}
int proc(const int & input){ int output = input; return output;}
void swap(int& x, int& y){
int tmp;
tmp = x;
x = y;
y = tmp;
void swap(const int& x,const int& y){;}
int main() {
int var1 = 1;
int var2 = 2;
int var3 = proc(var1);
int var4 = proc(var2);
const int var5 = proc(var1);
const int var6 = proc(var2);
int var7 = proc(proc(var1));
int var8 = proc(proc(var2));
int& var9 = var1;
int& var10 = var2;
const int& var11 = proc(var1);
const int& var12 = proc(var2);
swap(var3,var4);
swap(var5, var6);
swap(var7, var8);
swap(var9,var10);
swap(var11, var12);
return 0;
}
```

Aufgabe 10.2. Extend the class Fraction from slide 230 and Exercise 9.1 by the

- the standard constructor (without parameters), which sets p=0 and q=1,
- a constructor, which takes  $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$  and  $q \neq 0$  as input, and stores the corresponding Fraction,

- the copy constructor,
- the assignment operator, and
- the destructor.

Use assert to ensure a valid input, i.e,  $q \neq 0$ . Note that, for the case q < 0, you have to store the fraction (-p)/|q|. Test your implementations appropriately! Save your source code as Fraction. {hpp/cpp} into the directory serie10.

**Aufgabe 10.3.** Overload the sign operator -, which, given  $x \in \mathbb{Q}$  stored as Fraction from Exercise 10.2, returns the fraction -x, as well as the <<-operator, in order to be able to print to the screen a fraction x := p/q in the form p/q (see slide 290 for an example with class Complex from the lecture). Test your implementation accurately!

**Aufgabe 10.4.** Overload the +, -, \* and / operator in order to be able to calculate the sum, the difference, the product and the quotient of two fractions stored in the format Fraction from Exercise 10.2. For /, use assert to avoid dividing by 0. In all cases, the result is returned in reduced form. Test your implementations appropriately!

**Aufgabe 10.5.** Write a class Polynomial to save polynomials of degree  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ , which are represented with respect to the monomial basis, i.e.,

$$p(x) = \sum_{j=0}^{n} a_j x^j.$$

The class contains the dynamical vector  $(a_0, \ldots, a_n) \in \mathbb{R}^{n+1}$  of the coefficients (double\*) as well as the degree  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ . Implement the following features:

- destructor, constructor to allocate the zero-polynomial of degree n, copy-constructor,
- assignment operator,
- access to the coefficients of the polynomials via [ ], i.e., for  $0 \le j \le n$  p[j] returns the value  $a_j$  and
- ullet the possibility to print a polynomial p on screen via the syntax cout << p.

Keep in mind that, in the copy-constructor, you have to allocate new dynamic memory for the coefficient vector of the output (Deep Copy). Explain why! Moreover, write a main program to test your implementation.

**Aufgabe 10.6.** The sum of two polynomials is still a polynomial. Implement for the class Polynomial from Exercise 10.5 the feature of adding two polynomials p and q via r=p+q. Moreover, implement the opportunity to add a number  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  stored as double or int to a polynomial p in an appropriate way via r=a+p and r=p+a. Write a main program to test your implementations.

**Aufgabe 10.7.** The product of two polynomials is still a polynomial. Implement for the class Polynomial from Exercise 10.5 the feature of multiplying two polynomials p and q via r=p\*q. Moreover, implement the opportunity to multiply a number  $a \in \mathbb{R}$  stored as double or int with a polynomial p in an appropriate way via r=a\*p and r=p\*a. Write a main program to test your implementations.

**Aufgabe 10.8.** The Taylor polynomial of degree n of a function  $f \in C^n(\mathbb{R})$  at  $x_0 \in \mathbb{R}$  is given by

$$T^{(n)}f(x) = \sum_{k=0}^{n} \frac{f^{(k)}(x_0)}{k!} (x - x_0)^k.$$

Write a constructor for the class Polynomial from Exercise 10.5 which creates for  $n \ge 0$  the Taylor polynomial of degree n of the functions  $\sin$ ,  $\cos$  oder  $\exp$  (use a string input to choose between them) at  $x_0 = 0$ . Test your implementation appropriately!