

Differential Geometry (104.358)

Exercise sheet for 14.03.2019

1. Consider the following maps:

$$a: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \qquad b: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t \\ t^2 + 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t^2 \\ t^4 + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \qquad d: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t^3 \\ t^6 + 1 \end{pmatrix} \qquad t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} \text{sign}(t)\sqrt{|t|} \\ |t| + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$e: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \qquad f: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} \sinh(t) \\ \cosh^2(t) \end{pmatrix} \qquad t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} \sin(t) \\ \sin^2(t) + 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

For d : sign is the sign function: $\text{sign}(t) = 1$ for $t > 0$, $\text{sign}(0) = 0$, $\text{sign}(t) = -1$ for $t < 0$. Thus, $t = \text{sign}(t)|t|$.

We consider \mathbb{R}^2 with the standard euclidean norm

$$\|\cdot\|: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R},$$

$$(x, y) \mapsto \|(x, y)\| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}.$$

Investigate:

- (a) differentiability
- (b) regularity: where is $\|X'\| \neq 0$, $X \in \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$?
- (c) injectivity

of the above maps.

For which pairs of the above maps $X_1, X_2 \in \{a, b, c, d, e, f\}$ is there a diffeomorphism $\psi: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ such that $X_1 = X_2 \circ \psi$? Which maps have the same image?

2. Consider the catenary:

$$X: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, \quad t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} \cosh(t) \\ t \end{pmatrix}.$$

Calculate the first derivative vector X' (tangent vector), its norm $\|X'\|$ and the normalised derivative vector $T = \frac{X'}{\|X'\|}$. What are the asymptotic directions

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \pm\infty} T(t) \quad ?$$

Through what angle does T rotate in the interval $(-\infty, 0)$ and $(-\infty, \infty)$?

Calculate also the curvature $\kappa(t) := \frac{\det(X'(t)X''(t))}{\|X'(t)\|^3}$.

3. Consider

(a) Neile's semicubical parabola, $p: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t^3 \\ t^2 \end{pmatrix}$.

(b) The graph of the absolute value function, $b: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t \\ |t| \end{pmatrix}$.

(c) The straight line, $g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, t \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} t^3 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$.

Investigate the differentiability and regularity (is $\|X'(0)\| \neq 0$ for $X \in \{p, b, g\}$) of the three maps at $t = 0$. Now remove the “problematic” point $t = 0$ from the domain $\mathbb{R} = \mathbb{R}_- \cup \{0\} \cup \mathbb{R}_+$, to obtain in each case two differentiable, regular maps $p_{\pm} = p|_{\mathbb{R}_{\pm}}, b_{\pm} = b|_{\mathbb{R}_{\pm}}, g_{\pm} = g|_{\mathbb{R}_{\pm}}$ with domain the positive real numbers \mathbb{R}_+ or the negative real numbers \mathbb{R}_- . Calculate the normalised tangent vectors $T = \frac{X'}{\|X'\|}$ of these maps and their limits as $t \rightarrow 0$, i.e.,

$$\lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0} \frac{X'_{\pm}(\pm\epsilon)}{\|X'_{\pm}(\pm\epsilon)\|}, \quad X \in \{p, b, g\}.$$

What conclusions can be made by looking at the images of these maps at $t = 0$?