8. Given is the group SU(3) with

$$[T_a, T_b] = i f_{abc} T_c, (9)$$

and the covariant derivatives

$$D_{\mu} = \partial_{\mu} + igT_a G_{\mu}^a \,. \tag{10}$$

In order to make the free Dirac Lagrange density  $\mathcal{L}_0 = \bar{\Psi}(i\partial \!\!\!/ - m)\Psi$  gauge invariant under SU(3) use  $D_\mu$  instead of  $\partial_\mu$ . Check whether the resulted Lagrange density  $\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_0 + \mathcal{L}_I$  with the analogous to QED interaction term

$$\mathcal{L}_{I} = -g \left( \bar{\psi} \gamma^{\mu} T_{a} \psi \right) G_{\mu}^{a} \tag{11}$$

is gauge invariant under the transformations

$$\psi' = (1 + i\alpha^a T_a)\,\psi\tag{12}$$

for the matter field and the QED analogous transformation for the gauge field,

$$G_{\mu}^{a\prime} = G_{\mu}^{a} - \frac{1}{q} \left( \partial_{\mu} \alpha^{a} \right) \,.$$
 (13)

What can be done to cure this?

9. Show the invariance of the kinetic term of the gauge field under an infinitesimal non-Abelian local transformation with

$$U(x) = e^{-ig\alpha_a T^a}. (14)$$

Calculate the infinitesimal transformation behaviour of  $F_{\mu\nu}$  and of the gauge field.