

Computation exercise 3(b): Control design

Mechatronic systems
376.050
2014W

Important: Answers must be a hard copy and submitted to the office in CA0421 by January 20, 2015 at 4pm. The work must be original.

Fig. 1 shows a lumped mass model of a positioning system using a piezo actuator, where F is the input and x is the output. Fig. 2 shows a control block diagram to regulate the position x , where $P(s)$ is the plant. The transfer function $C(s)$ is a controller and has the following structure:

$$C(s) = C_I(s)C_{notch}(s),$$

where C_I is an I controller and C_{notch} is a notch filter. Following the questions below, design and implement a feedback controller $C(s)$.

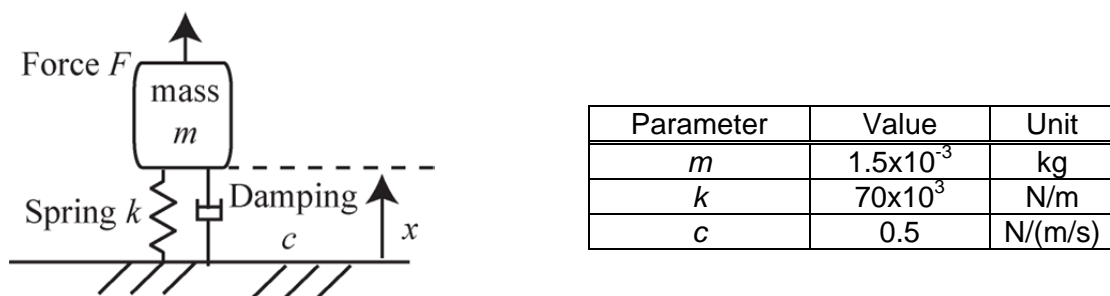


Fig. 1: A lumped mass model of a positioning system.

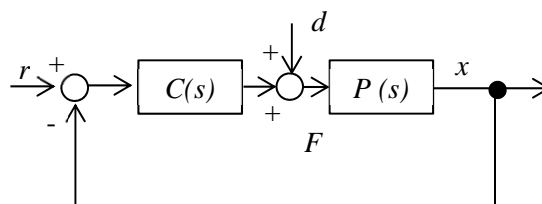


Fig. 2: Control block diagram.

- i. Derive transfer function $P(s)$ and simulate a Bode plot. [5%]
- ii. Design the notch filter, such that the peak in the magnitude of $P(s)$ is trimmed in the Bode plot of (i). For validation, add a simulated Bode plot of the transfer function $C_{notch}(s)P(s)$ on the figure of (i). [15%]
- iii. Design $C_I(s)$ to regulate the plant cascaded with the notch filter (i.e. $C_{notch}(s)P(s)$), fulfilling the following conditions. Also simulate a Bode plot of the open-loop transfer function $C_I(s)C_{notch}(s)P(s)$ for validation. [20%]
 - Phase margin should be 40 deg or more.
 - Gain margin should be 10 dB or more.
 - The open-loop cross-over frequency should be as high as possible.
- iv. Simulate step response of the closed-loop system with r as the input and x as the output. Also draw step response with the disturbance d as the input and x as the output. Using the results, discuss the influence of the notch filter on these inputs. [20%]
- v. To implement $C(s)$ designed in (iii) as a digital filter on a microcontroller running at a sampling frequency of 10 kHz, discretize $C(s)$. Special care should be taken not to change the notch

frequency and the cross over frequency. For validation, show Bode plots of the continuous and the discrete controller (i.e. $C(s)$ and $C(z)$) on one figure. [20 %]

- vi. To implement $C(z)$ with gains and memories (time delays), draw a block diagram showing an IIR filter structure and derive the coefficients of the gains. [20 %]